Utica Morning Herald & Gazette,
DAILY EDITION RECEIVED
BY ELIJA R. ROBERTS.
Office No. 66 Genesee street, Utica, N. Y.

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PENSIONS

PENSION, BOUNTY AND PAY
COLLECTED BY THE
United States Government Claim Agency,
OFFICE IN SAND PLATTS'S
U. S. CHRISTIAN COMMISSION, NEW YORK CITY.
No. 120 Genesee Street, Utica, N. Y.
GEORGE C. CARTER.
Corporals Claims of Deceased Officers, Soldiers and Seamen promptly collected.

BOUNTY MONEY.
Persons who have enlisted in the Army or Navy since the passage of the Bounty Act, and have not received the Bounty to which they are entitled, should apply immediately. Widows are entitled to Bounty, whether their husbands were drafted or not. Parents are entitled to Bounty, when their sons were minors, and died in the service. Minors are entitled to Bounty, when they were discharged for disability, or died in the service.

PRIZE MONEY.
Those entitled to prize money for the capture of vessels or property, can be assisted in obtaining it by applying to the undersigned.
GEORGE C. CARTER, Utica, N. Y.

PENSIONS—All officers, soldiers, seamen, marines, and their widows, children, parents, brothers and sisters, who have claims against the Government, should apply immediately. Pensions are granted to widows, children and parents, when the death of the officer or soldier was occasioned by wounds received, or disease contracted in the service. Pensions are granted to officers, soldiers, seamen and marines, who have been wounded, or contracted disease in the service, and are disabled thereby. Pensions are granted to officers, soldiers, seamen and marines, who have served 20 years in the Army or Navy, and are disabled by reason of old age. Pensions are granted to officers, soldiers, seamen and marines, who have served 20 years in the Army or Navy, and are disabled by reason of old age. Pensions are granted to officers, soldiers, seamen and marines, who have served 20 years in the Army or Navy, and are disabled by reason of old age.
GEORGE C. CARTER, Utica, N. Y.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY AND PAY
COLLECTED BY THE
U. S. Government Claim Agency,
Tribune Block, Utica N. Y.
CHARLES H. JOHNSON,
U. S. SOLICITOR.
This Agency is established to facilitate the following claims against the United States Government, viz:
ALL OFFICERS OF DISCHARGED SOLDIERS OR SEAMEN
ARE ENTITLED TO PAY AND PENSIONS FOR WOUNDS OR DISABILITIES.
WIDOWS, CHILDREN AND PARENTS ARE ENTITLED TO PAY AND PENSIONS FOR DEATHS OCCASIONED BY WOUNDS OR DISABILITIES.
TERMS $5.
Those who have served 90 days and received a discharge, and have been honorably discharged, are entitled to Bounty.
Widows are entitled to Bounty, whether their husbands were drafted or not.
Parents are entitled to Bounty, when their sons were minors, and died in the service.
Minors are entitled to Bounty, when they were discharged for disability, or died in the service.
Pensioners who have been dropped from the rolls, or whose pensions have been increased, can have their claims prosecuted by applying to
CHARLES H. JOHNSON,
U. S. SOLICITOR.

All Pensions are Paid, and Pay and Bounty Collected without Delay or Prosecution.
Office No. 120 Genesee street, Utica, N. Y.
NEW YORK STATE
PENSION AND BOUNTY AGENCY.
Corner Genesee and Main Sts.,
(BRACE'S CHAIR, SEARLE'S CENTRAL BE. DEPOT.)
UTICA, N. Y.
McQUADE & DERING,
GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENTS.
Will collect Pensions, Bounty and Back Pay for Officers, Soldiers, Seamen and Marines, or their Widows, Children or Parents, and all claims against the United States Government.
Office No. 66 Genesee street, Utica, N. Y.
JAMES McQUADE, Late Capt. 117th Regt. N. Y. Vols.
WILLIAM DERING, Late Capt. 117th Regt. N. Y. Vols.

THE UTICA WEEKLY HERALD

Is published every Saturday morning, at $1.50 per annum, in advance. It contains all the news of the week, and is the cheapest paper published in Central New York. Subscribers can commence with any number. Address
UTICA MORNING HERALD AND GAZETTE,
Utica, N. Y.

SCHOOLS.

DAVIS' LAKE ACADEMY, AUBURN, CAY
Prepares boys for College or Business. Terms low. Send for Circular. Rev. DAVIS, A. M., Principal.

GAZETTE ESTABLISHED 1794.]

Utica Morning Herald
AND DAILY GAZETTE.

[HERALD ESTABLISHED 1847.

VOLUME XVIII. UTICA, N. Y., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 8, 1865. NUMBER 212.

HATS AND CAPS.

UP TOWN
HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE
The latest Spring Styles of
HATS AND CAPS,
For Men, Boys and Infants. A superior article of
SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS.
The SERGEANT and BRIEF, in FELT and CLOTH.
STRAW GOODS.
The largest and best selected assortment ever brought to this city.
N. B.—These goods have all been purchased within the last ten days, since the
GREAT REDUCED PRICES,
And will be sold at a small profit.
The public are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock.
S. ALDRICH,
101 Genesee, corner Bleecker.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
The Cheap
SHOE STORE OF UTICA
will give rental
BARGAINS
FOR 60 DAYS.
Other Bargains not Named,
H. J. NORTHROP,
No. 7 Genesee street, Utica.
GREAT SEWING! GREAT SEWING!
GEN. F. H. LEE SURRENDERED!
FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS!
AT
Greatly Reduced Prices!
THE LARGEST STOCK EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.
Embracing Ladies, Gentlemen's Misses and Children's wear, which must be disposed of in 60 days.
FIFTEEN DAYS.
Being about the time from the Date of Purchase, when the Goods must be Sold.
As the Goods Must be Sold.
The above business NOT part of the BEST QUALITY.
Returned the place.
No. 74 Genesee street,
Will astonish your bargain eyes.
WILLIAM GWENS,
[T. S. GWENS & SON, late of Rochester, Utica and Syracuse.]
Sign of the Golden Boot.

JOHN C. WHITAKER SON,
AT THE OLD STAND,
No. 9 Catharine Street, Utica.
[T. S. JOHN C. WHITAKER SON, late of Rochester, Utica and Syracuse.]
Sign of the Golden Boot.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.
AMERICAN WATCHES.
A FINE ASSORTMENT AT
LOWER PRICES
than have been offered to THIS TRADE yet. Also
Swiss and English Watches.
SILVER WARE, &C.
E. HAINES & CO.
No. 61 Genesee Street, Utica.
Dealers in Watches and the Jewelry, Silver Spoons and Plated Ware business, will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
WATCHES, FINGER CLOCKS, AND JEWELRY.
REPAIRING.
E. HAINES & CO.

"TIFFANY'S SOLAR TIME PIECE"—Having purchased the right to manufacture and sell the above Time Piece, we are now prepared to fill orders promptly. Every Watch warranted. Also, a large assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons, Plated Ware, &c., at wholesale and retail.
TIFFANY & CO.,
Corner Genesee and Main Sts.,
Utica, N. Y.

GILBERT'S CLAIMS OF ALL KINDS.
Collected at the
U. S. CHRISTIAN COMMISSION,
No. 120 Genesee Street, Utica, N. Y.

Utica Morning Herald
AND DAILY GAZETTE
LITERARY MATTERS.
LIFE OF MARCUS TULLIUS CICERO. By William Forsyth. Two volumes, with Illustrations. New York: Charles Scribner & Co.
Rome Still, in the complete life of the great Roman orator has appeared in English, until the publication of the two vols. of Mr. Forsyth, a deficiency which has elapsed since the appearance of Dr. Middleton's "History of the Life of Cicero," has been very sad. Summers of Rome have been a favorite resource in his profession, become more before antiquarian study. Besides, the taste of that agreeable writer was many and glaring. Macaulay gave the Art as well to his book, but the "Lays of Ancient Rome" were expensive very significant of Dr. Middleton's style. Forsyth's style is clear, but it is also dry, disregard and prevention of truth, even where his researches had silenced many of his opponents and an indiscriminate boundless of the acts and characters of his subject. Macaulay's work is, no, incomplete, a history of Rome in the time of Cicero, than the life of Cicero in Rome. Mr. Forsyth concludes, and we think rightly, that the time for a full and worthy life would be acceptable, to the public, the appearing of the two vols., and with that object in view: "In relation Cicero, not only as an author and a politician, but as a man of letters, that he was in private life, surrounded by his friends and family—speaking and writing to them, rather than to the ordinary tribune of letters.
To this task, Mr. Forsyth brought cultivated taste, rare scholarship, and considerable experience as a writer. He was also a member of the English bar, and particularly fitted to give them better prepared to appreciate and to expound the professional character of Cicero, and the effects of the ancient advocate. The materials out of which he constructed his life are very ample and varied. Yet the work was one of unusual magnitude. Some of the best writers of Rome have been written, it would be difficult to point out one so perfect and entirely, so better than all others to serve as a model for biographers, or as a mine and for critics. But to say nothing of the absolute difficulty of the work (it is particularly difficult to bring down to modern apprehension the spirit of ancient life, manners and thought), Mr. Forsyth has done his work creditably still. He has given us a complete account of the man, and of his times. In his task, with a degree of success, proportioned to the pains which he has been used. He has also used, correctly and justly in the main, his various work and characteristics. In writing invariably Cicero's narrative, correspondence, he has selected great interest and freshness to his work, and has made a readable book. In his list of Genius, Mr. Lewis, followed a similar plan, showing conclusively the great variety and excellence of the works of the great Germans. He remarks: "In the life of a great literary man, the most interesting part is played by his occupations." The same might be said with equal propriety of the life of a great artist, whose value attached to the works of Gothic.—Tom, Mr. Forsyth has done his work well, and the prominence in Cicero's literary productions. The character was one of the most brilliant and profound writers of the Roman world. He was the supreme instructor in philosophy, politics, law, society, and literature, and was called the "Old Age," "Friendship" and other topics, as elaborate and finished as his orations, letters and poems, though the latter are almost wholly lost. He great, as a statesman, and his patriotism has not yet to be sufficiently passed over. He gained many steps and triumphs in the path of ambition, by his particular defects and excellencies, and the general ability, should, we think, have been more prominently set forth, and with more coherence of plan and purpose. In connection with this we should expect to find a fuller account of the contemporary studies and mental development of the orator and author. These important topics are briefly touched on Mr. Forsyth's lucky mention.
As a whole we think the biographer what we regard to students and republicans. The excellence of the work are not always of the highest order, but the balance, in great measure, wherever faults it may be found, is on the right side. Cicero's character, in the particulars related, a pure and very complete idea of one of the greatest, and best characters of antiquity. Many of the faults of the life of Mr. Forsyth's showing, many of our administrations and statesmen, in the same position, would be as bad as the life, but they were wrong rather in the times in which they lived, than in the individuals who lived in them.
Cicero was perhaps the most learned Roman of his times. A most diligent student from the beginning he acquired a knowledge of the Greek and Latin languages far his own sake. Not satisfied with the educational advantages that Rome afforded him, he crossed over to Greece, and there placed himself at the superior advantages of the "mother of arts and of eloquence." Returning to Rome, he practiced, when he needed to attend upon master instruction. He studied at Athens, Rhodes, and Asia Minor, and remodeled by his local heads, imparted his studies and Rome itself. Cicero was a man of the world, however, and is dangerous or interpolated to speak in Rome, he studied it. Being, and all his life,

Utica Morning Herald
AND DAILY GAZETTE.
SATURDAY, JULY 7, 1866.

THE EXECUTION CONSUMMATED.

The trials of JEFFERSON DAVIS, in the name of President LINCOLN, were hereby yesterday, at half-past one, at Washington. The woman SURRATT, and PAYNE, HEROLD, ATZEROTT and MARY, the just penalty of their crimes. Between their conviction and their execution, the President took no time to consult with the jury, or them to exult them into heaven. Found guilty after full consideration, they were condemned by speedy death. Justice and mercy in this instance indicate the severe and meager of the President, and mean with response from the public generally.

What now shall be done with DAVIS? The Convention declare that he, as well as the others, being, in guilt of the blood of Mr. LINCOLN. Shall he be put on trial for the offense?

THE ENGLISH ELECTION.

It is not usual for British Parliaments to sit out their legal term of seven years. Generally some topic of difference arises with the ministry, and an appeal is made to the country by the fall of the one or the election. It may be taken as evidence of general satisfaction of the mass of the government, that the present Parliament has served its limited period, and is dissolved by the operation of the law. The writs for the election are already in progress, under considerable interest. The issue when it is presented, is the success of the ministry. The present ministry, only two weeks before the election of 1865, was in the majority of 80 votes. Since then the elections in the country generally have been favorable to the ministry. The liquidity is remarkable: "If the ten elections remaining at Wednesday, the 25th instant, the Right Hon. Lord Cumberland, South Northumberland, South Shropshire, West Sussex, West Worcestershire, and North Devon will be held. Of these seven seats, the three united populations would be less than that of the Tower Hamlets by 5,000 votes, and their united constituencies by 3,000 believe that precisely these seven seats, with a total constituency numbers in the West Riding's seniors two's and in a higgledy-piggledy of Lancashire, the Queen's Commons is returned by, and represents only four large open seats, all the rest are close boroughs.

One would suppose that this great inequality would be remedied by the ordinary operation of constituencies to population, or to taxation, or to some combination of both. But while there is considerable talk, there is as yet no plan is proposed in full equity in the matter. Neither party does not limit the vested interests of the aristocracy of high and strict justice to institutions, is not to be expected that they will act unanimously. With the absolute franchise and representation, are no constant losses in the power of the government power, be it crown or Parliament or election, seems by to be opposed to the views of experience.

Yet a strong movement is made to remove the land disabilities in the hands of the aristocracy.

While the question of equal representation is also underway, the limitation of suffrage is scarcely discussed. The system is considered by a large share of the most liberal statesmen to be suited to suffrage in this country, that is a way, once among us, has been, whether owning them or not, whosoever would be 21 years of age. Even in this country, we have to remember that the present constitution of 1846 established the rule of law of the old white males of Britain, we can see how many will be affected by the proposed change. The number of the number of voters, will be large, and will be relatively less than the enfranchised of the country. The efforts not to make of class disabilities, but to bring up those of the working classes to the height of ability. The argument by which this result is sought, lead to conclusions which are not logically followed to their conclusions. They prove the fallacies of the attraction of suffrage, and do not fit the practical wants of the working people.

While in British discussion is undoubtedly in favor of removing the disabilities of the aristocracy, governments of aristocracy have imposed upon its constituencies, the duty of returning leads to the interest in the country. In Britain, it is mainly the result of the British habits and feelings and institutions. With us, color has ceased its hardest about the subject. There, the necessity can hardly be denied, of widening the basis of suffrage. The peoples itself will soon be educated to make comparatives to control the disabilities of the aristocracy. The wrong is both more closed to keep political power out of the hands of the aristocracy. Abandon the subject universally will give their aggregate to the interests of the people. The time is not far off, in our view for enlarging to the disabilities yet attached to a large class of the workingmen of our "own country?

THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF MISSOURI.—The Governor of Missouri has published the new constitution coming up of the returns of the late election in his State, and has issued his proclamation declaring that two thousand one hundred and seventy votes in favor of the proposition to amend the constitution, and two thousand eight hundred and eight votes against the amendment. Therefore, adopted, and went into effect on the fourth day of the present month. The majority in favor of the new constitution is therefore seven hundred and thirty-eight. More votes than were polled in the election. The majority against, and victory is all, was, perhaps, all that could reasonably be expected. The old abolitionists are neither still reasonable there. In the measure of the votes, the old abolitionists are divided. The votes opposed the new constitution. It appears that the constitution was opposed, apparently, not so much their votes, and, of course, were almost unanimously in the negative. Thus, the Catholic opposition, as, through erroneous information on the subject, did a large number of the German population. But it was the case of the votes of the old abolitionists, and would have not which would have controlled the election. Had not the old Missouri and its allies their rights and privileges in accordance Constitution. It has now, unfortunately, and it will be in the years to come.

THE GUILT OF BATH.—The adherents of JOHN BATES will realize that the common law jurisdiction, more constitutional, and, condemnation of the campaign, together with the JOHN H. BYRAM, JOHN WILKES BOOTH, DAVID E. HEROLD, LEWIS PAYNE, BENJAMIN PITMAN, JAMES THOMPSON, WILLIAM A. CLARKE, GEORGE U. GAY, GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND, and others unknown, to kill ABRAHAM LINCOLN, ANDREW JOHNSON, WILLIAM H. SEWARD, and GIDEON E. GRANT, and of the violent conduct of the Lawyers". The guilt of JOHN BATES is as distinctly pronounced as that of the assassin who went home. He may not be published under the verdict, but by the Constitution of the United States by all the Constitution, and it has in opposition to the President Johnson. The Judge of the "Abolished Christian gentleman" that the bound of assassination rot upon his forehead.

THE MORMON TOPICS.

Governor WOOD has defined an order from the secret, of CHRISTOPHER PARKER, who was last winter in command of the Jenny Rose Post-Office Squadron, and who was found guilty of neglect of duty in not preventing the raid of the rebel gunboats on that river. The charges against him, in consideration of long and faithful service.

General CANBY has received orders from Washington to withdraw not all troops in his department but a sufficient number to garrison the forts. The number of troops are still needed in Virginia. It is not probable that any will be withdrawn for the present, at present.

Governor PARSONS has abolished the old Vice-Chancellor of Appeals. He expects to have civil government in the State in running order by the 1st of August.

General GRANT GORDON has given the people of Texas definite information of the manner in which he ceased to exist there. He tells them further that the Constitutional amendment and all matters of peace and rights of property between the negroes and whites must be settled by the courts. Everybody agrees to Texas than there were before the war.

The Rev. Dr. HOWARD, of Baltimore, landed such passengers, and for New York, was burned on the banks of New Orleans and Mobile, and the loss of life and baggage of her passengers were picked up and taken to St. Johns, N. F. The boats, which are the Cuba and the Ariel, and the boats, and the loss and lives were lost.

The Presidential visits were arranged by Washington, yesterday afternoon, according to the resolutions made by Congress. The visits to the Capitol, and the visits made to obtain a reporter for Mrs. SURRATT; but the Commissioners declined to act. The visit to the Congress was invited to Gen. HANCOCK, commanding the Department of Washington, and accompanied by the body of Mrs. SURRATT, and other escort of her friends. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery of stock, the relatives were led to the gallows, accompanied by their spiritual advisers. The gauntlet of the military was passed, and the execution took place. All carefully guarded. A Record number were admitted to the enclosure, and the crowd was kept back by fencing the entrance and directing the indication of the people, among whom were persons prayed for the souls of the condemned, the platform on which the drop fell was erected in the jail yard, and the execution was performed.

The Governor of Maine has already sent from the Sea-Shore Sunday, the people of that State are in the midst of confusion and have resolved to apply next Convention to Washington to secure his the property of the State.

Captain PARKER, the vessel who surrendered the Confederate steamer Stonewall to the Spanish authorities at Havana, has been dismissed from the service by the Secretary of the Navy.

Governor JOHNSON has issued a proclamation declaring the people in different parts of that State. They are to be empowered as desiring to return to their allegiance.

The Governor has commanded the assistance of Kentucky, Missouri, and Tennessee.

The subscriptions to the National Loans, announced yesterday, amount to $1,000,000.

The Department of State has been officially informed that the Spanish Government has issued a decree ceding orders to the Captain General to deliver to the United States Government the insurgent Rear, Stonewall, now at Havana.

PRESIDENT IN THE CHAMBER.—Many residents of the city have not yet had an opportunity to see the President and can still for free or five per cent. in subscription. As the rates then, if we may believe statements made by the Secretary of the Treasury, will be reduction. The money orders of the Treasury will, it is hoped, be issued in a few days.

It is reported that the Secretary of the Treasury will, in his annual report, recommend the abolition of the duty on coal. The duty is a tax on the poor, and is a tax on property income but he can do so. Coal is a necessity, and upon the laws which are to hold our own, should be free. Coal is a necessity, and is a tax on the poor, and is a tax on property income but he can do so. Coal is a necessity, and upon the laws which are to hold our own, should be free. Coal is a necessity, and is a tax on the poor, and is a tax on property income but he can do so. Coal is a necessity, and upon the laws which are to hold our own, should be free.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular to the effect that the greenback money of the country has been changed from a currency to a security, and that one of the objects of the present policy of the Treasury is to prevent that the greenback money of the country shall be changed from a currency to a security, and that the greenback money of the country shall be changed from a currency to a security.

The Secretary of the Post-Office has issued an important order to the effect

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE VERY LATEST

IMPROVED MOWING MACHINE,

Jointed or Flexible Bar,

Adjustable wheels at each end of the Cutter Bar, entirely relieving it from friction, by dragging on the ground while at work, without which no machine can be perfect.

A Safe and Easy Spring Seat,

can be thrown in and out of gear at the pleasure of the operator. Steel lined Malleable Guards, strong, durable, and the lightest draft machine yet known.

Manufactured by

Walter A. Wood, Hoosick Falls, N. Y.

PRICE, $130.

CHAMPION WHEEL RAKE, the best in use. Both warranted perfect in every respect. For sale by the

REMINGTON AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Office and Sales Rooms corner of Fayette and Seneca sts., Utica, N. Y.

Bryant, Stratton, Folsom & Wolworth's

UTICA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

TIME OF ENTRY.—Students can enter at any time and receive individual instruction in any of the business branches.

TO THE SOLDIERS.—They will find a knowledge of the business branches a valuable aid in securing lucrative employment. Liberal reduction in tuition will be made to disabled soldiers.

WRITING CLASSES.—These meet mornings, at 11 o'clock, for one hour (Ladies); afternoons, at 4 o'clock, for one hour (gentlemen).

TO THE LADIES.—They receive instruction in separate apartments, known as the "Ladies' Commercial Institute." Miss E. L. Cady has charge of the Ladies' Department.

STUDY IN SUMMER.—This is a favorable time to enter College, and the student will find all the departments, including ACTUAL PRACTICE, conducted during Summer as well as winter. jy3d1m

THE ONEIDA BANK has re-organized under the National Banking Law, and is now doing business under the name of the

Oneida National Bank of Utica,

And Checks, Notes and Drafts should be drawn accordingly, but those drawn on the Oneida Bank will be received as usual.
H. S. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

Below is the Comptroller's Certificate of authority:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, July 5th, 1865.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Oneida National Bank of Utica, in the city of Utica, in the county of Oneida and State of New York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act:

Now therefore, I, Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Oneida National Bank at Utica in the city of Utica, in the county of Oneida and State of New York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this Fifth day of July, 1865.

FREEMAN CLARKE,
Comptroller of the Currency.
[Seal] No. 1392. jy3d30t

PIANO FOR SALE,

Of fine Rosewood finish, Six and Three-Fourth octaves, with Stool and Cover. Parties wishing to purchase can call at the residence of Mrs. HANNAH PEGGS, on Huntington street.
Utica, July 5, 1865. jy5d2w

TO HOTEL KEEPERS,

CAPITALISTS, AND OTHERS.

HIGHLY ELIGIBLE OPENING,

BRITISH AMERICAN HOTEL

KINGSTON, C. W.

Messrs. Gilbert & Kent, lessees of this long established and well known first class hotel, being about to retire from business, the property

WILL BE LET

with immediate entry. Rent and terms of lease will be arranged by James Bissell, Esq., Bank of British North America, Kingston, to whom or to Messrs. Gilbert & Kent, application may be made on the subject. The Buildings, which include stables, coach-house, &c., are in a state of thorough repair, and are fully adapted for carrying on an extensive family and commercial business. The hotel is most conveniently and eligibly situated, and has for a lengthened period maintained throughout North America its reputation as a first-class establishment. It is the principal hotel in the city of Kingston, and continues to be frequented by the most eligible class of travelers and guests.

Messrs. Gilbert & Kent are prepared to treat on equitable terms with their successor in the lease of the hotel, for the purchase of their furniture and effects, including bedding, table and other linen, silver and plated ware, pianos, horses and carriages, and other articles necessary for carrying on the business; together with their stock of wines, liquors, &c., which are of the choicest brands, and cannot be surpassed in point of maturity and quality.

Messrs. G. & K. will furnish intending offerers with particulars as to terms, &c.
Kingston, C. W., June 27. jy5d1m.

VALUABLE PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his Planing Mill and Lumber Yard situate on the Oriskany, College street, Clinton.—The Mill is a large substantial two story building, and contains a Planer and Matcher, Turning Lathe, Re-sawer, and other modern machines and improved machinery now used in first class Lumber Mills. The Water Power is unsurpassed, and is furnished by a substantial Stone Dam recently built.

The Lumber Yard is provided with suitable sheds for storing lumber, and embraces about seven acres of land, all of which will be sold with the mill if desired. There is also a double tenement house on the place.

The business of the Mill and Yard is extensive and lucrative, and a rare opportunity is offered to any one wishing to make a profitable and paying investment. Satisfactory reasons for selling will be given to any party desiring to purchase.

Price moderate and terms reasonable. Possession given immediately if desired.

For further particulars apply to or address,
CHAS. A. FULLER,
July 8, 1865. [jy8d3w] Clinton, N. Y.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Rudolph Frish, a German, formerly a resident of the city of Utica, and of late an inmate of the City Hospital, left the Hospital unbeknown to the Keeper, on Thursday, the 29th of June, shortly before dinner, and has not since been seen or heard of. He is about 50 years of age, short and stout structure, about 5 feet 4 inches high, wore at the time a blue soldier's cap, a brown coat, blue shirt, bluish brown or purple pants, and a pair of shoes, he wore mixed gray moustache and whiskers, and is weak minded, so that he forgets himself where he has been. He can tell his name, and time of birth, but not his age. He has been in war, and is a pensioner, but does not know anything about it. He must either have wandered off and does not know how to return, or has gone off on the railroad. Any information concerning his whereabouts will be thankfully received by addressing
F. W. KLAGES, M. D.,
Overseer of the Poor,
jy8d1w Utica, Oneida Co., N. Y.

FOR SALE.

24 Sash, 12 Lights, 8 by 10, with glass, 2d hand.
5 " 12 " 7 by 9, "
One Horse Lumber Box Wagon with Spring.
One Top Buggy Wagon.
Inquire of the subscriber, STEPHEN CHILDS.
New Hartford, July 7, 1865. jy1d3

There is Nothing more Certain

to prevent female irregularities than

Dr. Velpau's Female Pills.

They will in all cases ensure a return of monthly sickness without which no unmarried lady can enjoy perfect health.

Sold by DICKINSON, COMSTOCK & CO., WARNER & RAY, LALOR BROTHERS, and all other Druggists in the city and county. jy8d1m

WANTED.—A Girl for general housework. Inquire of
J. D. SMITH,
jy8d1f Marble Block, Utica.

SITUATION WANTED.

A returned officer has with him a very intelligent colored boy about fifteen years old, for whom he desires to procure a situation. The boy has been a faithful servant, and is an excellent hand to take care of horses. Inquire at the HERALD office. jy8d1f

THE CORN HILL M. E. CHURCH will have their Annual Pic Nic, to Trenton Falls,

Next Wednesday, July 12th.

The cars will run to the Falls Station, leaving Utica at 7:30 A. M., and return about 6 P. M.

The profits of the entertainment will be devoted to the purchase of a new library for the Sabbath School. All friends of the above School are invited to participate.

Tickets for adults, 75 cents; children under 12 years 50 cents. jy3dtnew

TO THE SUNDAY SCHOOLS OF ONEIDA CO.

NOTICE.

Pastors, Superintendents, Teachers and others, are earnestly solicited to transmit to the undersigned the statistics of their respective Sunday Schools, including as heretofore, the Postoffice address, name of Superintendent, number of Teachers and Scholars; also, that of Conversions, if any, that the same may be forwarded to the Secretary of the State Sunday School Teacher's Association, on or before the first of August.

N. B. Blanks may be had for the above purpose at No. 23 Genesee street.
THOS. DAVIES,
jy3d4t Secretary for Oneida Co.

FARM FOR SALE.—A valuable Farm of Eighteen acres of land, under a high state of cultivation with good buildings, mostly new, with fruit and shade trees, and good water. It is situated in the town of Whitestown, 3½ of a mile from the city of Utica. It can be bought at a bargain, and possession can be had immediately, with crops on the place. It has been used for a Market Garden, and is suitable for that purpose. Terms easy.

Also, two convenient Dwelling Houses and Lots near the Globe Woolen Mills, in West Utica, in a good location.—For particulars inquire of J. O. COYE, or JOHN IRWLANDS, No. 40 Stark street, Utica. jy3d1tawtf

Why Not Use the Best?

Over twenty years' increasing demand has established the fact that MATHEWS' VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best in the world. It is the cheapest, the most reliable, and most convenient. Complete in one bottle. Does not require any previous preparation of the hair. No trouble. No crock or stain. Does not rub off, or make the hair appear dull and dead, but imparts to it new life and lustre. Produces a beautiful black or brown, as preferred. A child can apply it. Always gives satisfaction. Only 75 cents per bottle. Sold everywhere.

A. I. MATHEWS, Manufacturer, N. Y.
DEMAS BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale Agents.

By Telegraph

TO THE UTICA MORNING HERALD AND DAILY GAZETTE.

The Last Scene of the Drama.

THE EXECUTION OF THE ASSASSINS.

Particulars of their Last Moments.

The Four Culprits Hung Together.

The President Refused to Reprieve Mrs. Surratt.

The Writ Suspended by the President.

WASHINGTON, July 7.

On the petition of Mary E. Surratt through her counsel Messrs. Aiken and Clampitt, Judge Wylie, of the Supreme Court of this District, directed an issue of the writ of *habeas corpus*, to Gen. Hancock, commanding him to produce, in court, at 10 o'clock this morning, the body of Mary E. Surratt, with the cause and day of her detention. The writ was served on Gen. Hancock, at the Metropolitan Hotel, at 8 o'clock this morning, by United States Marshal Gooding. He immediately consulted with the Attorney General and the Secretary of War. At half past ten the General had not obeyed the writ. This fact was brought to the notice of the court; but the Judge said he had not the power to enforce the writ.

Early to-day, guards were placed all around the arsenal grounds, to prevent the intrusion of persons to the scene of excitement; none being admitted except those previously supplied with the tickets of Major General Hancock. The relations of Mrs. Surratt and Harrold spent several hours with them during the forenoon, and they were also attended by their spiritual advisers, as were also Payne and Atzerodt.

A few moments after one o'clock, the outer prison door was opened and Mrs. Surratt was supported on her way to the gallows by two military officers. Next followed Atzerodt, Harrold, and Payne, accompanied by a guard and their respective ministers of the gospel. Front seats were provided for them on the platform in the following order: Mrs. Surratt, Payne, Harrold, and Atzerodt. The officers entrusted with the execution, and the ministers, occupied intermediate positions.

Maj. Gen. Hartranft, who has been from the commencement, in charge of the prisoners, came forward and read the order of the war department, already published, approving the sentences, and ordering the penalty of death to be inflicted. A heavy guard was stationed on the walls surrounding the grounds, while below, soldiers were formed on two sides of a square. Perhaps several hundred civilians were present, anxious spectators of the solemn scene. One of the priests attendant on Mrs. Surratt, repeated a short prayer, to which, Payne, who was seated next to her, attentively listened. The minister who had been administering to Payne, expressed in the name of the latter, his sincere thanks to Gen. Hartranft, and the officers and soldiers who had charge of him, for their personal kindness. They had not uttered an unkind word, nor given an unpleasant look or gesture, but seemed to compassionate his misfortune. The minister then uttered a brief prayer, asking for Payne the forgiveness of all sins, and a passage out of this world into the joys of Heaven.

The minister who attended Harrold also returned thanks for the kind treatment of the prisoner, and offered a prayer that God would receive his soul. Harrold was affected to tears.

The minister who attended Atzerodt also returned for him, thanks to Gen. Hartranft, and other officers, for kind attentions, and then invoked the mercy of God upon the prisoners.

The condemned were then required to rise from their seats, when the chairs were removed. They were now all on the drop. Their hands were fastened behind them, and their legs bandaged, both below and above the knees, and white caps placed over their heads. Atzerodt, while being prepared for the execution, exclaimed: "Gentlemen, farewell; take care, and good-bye, gentlemen now before me." One of the clergymen, standing near, exclaimed: "May we all meet in the other world."

As soon as the noose was placed around each neck, Mrs. Surratt's being the last one adjusted, the section of the platform on which they had been standing, suddenly fell, and the culprits were hanging several feet from the ground. Mrs. Surratt and Payne scarcely moved a muscle. Atzerodt exhibited some twitching, but Harrold showed more nervous sensibility than any of the others. The bodies hung until life was extinct, and were afterwards given over for burial, the rough coffins being already at hand for that purpose. The arrangements for the execution were perfect. Major General Hancock was present throughout the proceedings. It is said that Payne, last night, made a statement in behalf of Mrs. Surratt, exonerating her from complicity, and that another person subscribed to an affidavit impeaching the testimony of an important witness against her.

This morning, Judge Wylie granted an application of the counsel of Mrs. Surratt, for a writ of *habeas corpus*, commanding Major General Hancock to produce the body of Mrs. Surratt in court. The writ was returnable at 10 o'clock, but nearly two hours after that time, General Hancock entered the court, accompanied by Attorney General Speed, who apologized for the apparent delay in making a return, on the part of the General, as it was unavoidable. He then proceeded to read the return, in which General Hancock said the body of Mrs. Surratt was in his possession, under and by virtue of an order of President Johnson, for the purpose expressed, &c., which order is as follows:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, July 7.

To Major General Hancock, commanding, &c.:

I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby declare that the writ of *habeas corpus* has been heretofore suspended in such cases as this, and I do hereby specially suspend this writ, and direct that you proceed to execute the order heretofore given, upon the judgment of the military commission, and you will make this order in return to this writ.

ANDREW JOHNSON, President.

The court remarked that no further steps would be taken in the matter.

Attorney General Speed briefly rejoined, commenting upon the distinction between the civil and military jurisdiction, showing the utter impossibility of fighting battles, carrying on war, maintaining the government in times of war, &c., by process of law.

EFFORTS TO OBTAIN A REPRIEVE FOR MRS. SURRATT.

The *Post's* Washington special says: Strong efforts were made this morning to induce the President to reprieve Mrs. Surratt, by her counsel and the Roman Catholic clergy, who have acted as her spiritual advisers; but to no purpose. The President was firm in his decision, and while hearing the arguments, courteously refused to alter or modify the woman's sentence. It is reported that Mrs. Surratt has written a statement or confession, which has been handed to her spiritual advisers.

From Mexico.

NEW YORK, July 7.

Mexican news, by the steamer Manhattan, is to the effect that Maximilian will soon issue a decree, ceding Sinaloa, Durango and Sonora to the French, as security for the war debt due France.

Munificent Gift—A College Endowed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.

The *Bulletin* announces a magnificent endowment of a half million dollars, by Hon. Asa Parker, of Mauchchunk, Pa., for the establishment of a college near Bethlehem, together with 57 acres of land.

Murderers' Death-Warrant Signed.

HARRISBURG, July 7.

Gov. Curtin has signed the death-warrants of David Gregor and Wm. Hopkins, for murder. They are to be executed on the 11th of August, in Philadelphia.

Burning of Ship Wm. Nelson.

400 LIVES THOUGHT TO BE LOST.

MONTREAL, July 7.

The purser of the steamer Moravian makes the following statement: The ship Wm. Nelson, from Flushing, for Philadelphia or New York, was destroyed by fire on the banks of Newfoundland. The fire originated from a red hot bolt being put into a tar pot between decks. Forty people were taken to St. Johns by the steamer Meteor. Four hundred people are missing. Some may have been saved in the boats.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Captain Aiton of the steamship Moravian, gives the following statement: The Associated Press boatman at Cape Race, reported that the steamer Meteor, belonging to D. & W. Stewart, arrived at St. Johns on Friday, with forty of the passengers &c., saved from the ship Wm. Nelson, taken from the burning wreck off Newfoundland. The Wm. Nelson sailed from Flushing for New York with German emigrants on board. Before the Meteor reached the burning vessel, all the boats had put off, full of passengers and the crew, but none of the boats had been heard of. As far as Captain Aiton could learn, there were upwards of 400 passengers on board when the vessel sailed.

NEWS VIA NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 7.

THE GOLD MARKET.

Gold is without material change. The speculation movement is quiet. The supply from the Sub-Treasury keeps the market easy and enables the shorts to borrow all they require at 1-16@⅛ per cent. per day. Some of the bears are settling their options. They are generally cautious in putting out new shorts. The quotations opened at 139¼, ran up to 139½, and down again to 139⅛.

A GALLOWS-BIRD AT LIBERTY.

The *Post* states that the steamer Hatteras is advertised to leave this port to-morrow for Richmond, commanded by Capt. Parish, who surrendered the steamer Yorktown to the rebels, and endeavored to persuade his crew to join the rebels. The Yorktown was afterwards iron-plated by the rebels and under command of Parish, took part in the engagement between the Merrimac and Monitor. The first mate of the Hatteras is Robert Roberts who was a Captain of a rebel tug boat. The Hatteras belongs to Livingston & Co., of this city.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

The 9th N. Y. Regiment, 267 men, Capt. Mann commanding, arrived here this morning, and left for Boston at five this evening.

ARRIVAL OF THE LOUISIANA.

The steamer Louisiana, from Liverpool, June 21, has arrived. News anticipated.

From South Carolina and Georgia.

NEW YORK, July 7.

MILITARY MATTERS.

The steamer Arago arrived from Hilton Head with the 27th N. Y. Regiment, Gens. E. E. Potter and Littlefield were passengers.

The 160th N. Y. had relieved the 127th as post garrison at Charleston. Gen. W. F. Bennett had assumed command at Charleston in place of Gen. Gurney relieved.

GOVERNOR JOHNSON'S ADDRESS TO THE GEORGIANS.

Gov. Johnson addressed a large Union meeting at Savannah on the night of the 1st. He was about to leave for Augusta, Atlanta, Macon and Milledgeville, and would address the citizens at each point.

DESIRE TO BECOME CITIZENS AGAIN.

The *Republican* says: Large majorities of the people of the interior express a desire to return to their allegiance to the United States.

ARRIVAL OF MR. ANDREWS.

The steamer Kankakee had arrived at Savannah from New York for Mr. Andrews, special agent of the Treasury, to open southern ports. Col. Ricks, now Collector of Pensacola, and others were passengers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Exports at Savannah were increasing. About 1,000 rebel prisoners arrived there en route for home.

The staff of Gen. Dwight, 1st division 19th Army Corps, had arrived at Savannah, as also 20th soldiers from different regiments.

From Newbern.

NEWBERN, N. C., July 3.

ADVERTISEMENT, ORAVIS.

J. T. Bridge, A. G. Hills and Henry C. Burr, of Boston, have associated themselves with G. W. Perry and A. P. Tenter, of Newbern, for the purpose of establishing a factory to extract tar, turpentine, oil and pyroligneous acid, by the new process of destructive distillation of light wood. Other factories of this kind are to go into operation here where there is an endless quantity of rich material.

CONFISCATION INTERESTS THE NORTH CAROLINIANS.

Gov. Holden has appointed a Commission, consisting of Col. J. M. Heck, Kemp P. Battle and others, to proceed to Washington, to confer with the authorities on the subject of confiscation.

The tide of emigration from the free States having already set in, and as many important sales of real estate are pending, the settlement of this question, the best interests of the State require that an understanding should be reached as soon as possible. Hence the departure of the Commission. It is, however, believed that there will be no confiscation in North Carolina.

THE BLACKS GETTING RICH.

Negroes are making two or three dollars per day at rewashing dirt in the North Carolina gold mines, from which gold has been once extracted.

FIENDISHNESS AND ITS RESULTS.

The negro who was hung up by his thumbs for 40 hours, near the railroad depot in Raleigh, on Friday last, died soon after he was taken down.

NEWBERN BECOMING HYPERBOREANIZED.

Newbern now contains a large Northern element in its population, and has become the business center of the State. Cotton and other products from all parts of the State are daily arriving here in large quantities for shipment north, which gives the port a very lively appearance.

News via Vera Cruz.

NEW YORK, July 7.

The steamer Manhattan from Vera Cruz 28th, via Havana 3d, has arrived.

THE EVACUATION OF SAN DOMINGO.

The Spanish troops, evacuating San Domingo, are constantly followed by refugee San Domingoans who are afraid to remain on the island.

THE REVOLUTION IN HAYTI.

The revolution in Hayti was making headway. Although Giffrard takes his place at the head of his troops, he has suffered several reverses. Many Dominicans have taken arms against him. Guarico had been in a state of seige, and was re-occupied by the government troops, after a desperate fight, the rebels being obliged to evacuate.

HAVANA DULL.

Havana is very dull and warm. Many Cubans have come north for the summer.

The National Loan Subscriptions.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.

Jay Cooke reports subscriptions to the 7-30 loan to-day of $4,261,200, including the following:—Second National Bank of Chicago, $120,000; First National Bank of Cincinnati, $200,000; First National Bank of St. Paul $100,000; First National Bank of Columbus, O., $100,000; First National Bank of New York, $150,000; Eighth National Bank of New York, $100,000; Seventh National Bank of New York, $304,850; Central National Bank of New York, $500,000; First National Bank of Nashville, $250,000; Second National Bank of Cleveland, $100,000; Second National Bank of Boston, $100,000, National Bank of the Metropolis, Washington, $200,000; Henry Clase & Co., New York, $100,000, Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, $100,000; Fourth National Bank of Pittsburg, $75,000. There were 3,860 individual subscriptions for sums of $50 and $100.

Movements of Gen. Sherman.

LOUISVILLE, July 7.

Gen. Sherman left this afternoon for Cincinnati, on the steamer General Buell, *en route* for Lancaster, Ohio.

DRY GOODS.—The New York *Independent* says: There is a moderate demand for goods, the stock of which is very limited. There is no over-supply allowing of accumulation which can possibly reduce prices further. On the contrary, prices are firmer, and in some cases higher. The offerings of goods are very slight indeed, and holders of all standard cotton goods are keeping back, looking to higher prices. The spinners also have no large surplus in reserve. The continuance of the high premium on gold has worked in favor of strengthening prices. Heavy standard sheetings have advanced, and are getting scarce. Bleached sheetings and shirtings have been active all the week up to the holiday. Drills have also risen, with a great reduction in stock. Denims are quiet. Stripes rather more active. Prints are less active. Autumn styles not yet being offered freely, but will be soon, the manufacturers being ready with new styles highly spoken of. Lawns are in short supply, and sell quickly. Ginghams are steady. Delaines are quiet, preparing for a speedy display of fall styles. A fair business is doing in broadcloths, with a partial advance in price. Fancy cassimeres are active and firm. Satinets brisk. Foreign goods are moderately inquired for, but seasonable goods are nearly all sold. British prints and British dress goods generally have been extensively ordered for the fall importation. The importations in the coming months will be large—the amount of goods entered at this port in June was $5,442,008 in value, of which $4,200,681 was entered for immediate consumption, quite in contrast to the June imports of 1864, when, of $4,801,793 value entered at the port, only $1,313,474 was entered for immediate consumption, the difference going into warehouse. Now little goes into warehouse for bond, while the stock in bond has been greatly reduced.

NORTHERN AND CENTRAL COUNTIES.

MADISON COUNTY.

Hamilton was not outdone by its sister villages on the Fourth. A crowd was in attendance estimated at from five to seven thousand people. In the procession was returned soldiers, the soldiers of 1812, the officer of the day and invited guests, the Masons, Madison University, the Union School and citizens. The oration was pronounced by Rev. W. R. Brooks. The production is spoken of as highly creditable. At 2 P. M. the ladies served a sumptuous dinner to the soldiers and their families, under a tent. The fantastics paraded in the afternoon.

—The R. W. George F. Burn, of Hamilton, has received the appointment of District Dept. G. M. of Masons for the District comprising Madison and Oneida counties.

—A man who sends his milk to a cheese factory at Cazenovia, diluted it with water, and settled the matter by paying $100 to the committee, and $4 apiece for three watchers one night.

—Cazenovia celebrated in good style. The procession formed in front of the Methodist church, paraded through several of the streets, and halted at the stand in front of the Presbyterian Church, where the exercises were held. Prayer was offered by Rev. W. P. Canfield, and an address delivered by G. D. W. Cameron. The Declaration of Independence was read by Frank O. Phelps. The oration was delivered by Alonzo H. Allen. The returned soldiers and their families, and the families of deceased soldiers were given a dinner at Concert Hall. The "Invincibles" paraded in the afternoon, and a fair display of fireworks took place in the evening.

—The returned soldiers and the nine of the Cazenovia Club played a match game of base ball, on Saturday last, on the Cazenovia grounds. The Cazenovians were the victors.

OSWEGO COUNTY.

Burglars entered the house of Mr. Perley, of Hamilton on the evening of the Fourth, while the family were absent and stole $500 in government bonds.

—A soldier of the 184th regiment named Gilson Goodwin died at the Soldiers' Rest in Syracuse on the 6th inst.

—The house of Mr. Perley, of Hannibal, was entered, on the evening of the Fourth, while the family were absent, and robbed of $500, government bonds.

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

The body of William McCormick was found in the Oswegatchie River, near Ogdensburg, on Thursday morning.

—The Union Club of Canton and the Racquett River Club of Potsdam Junction played a match game of base ball at Canton, July 1st. The Racquett River Club won.

CORTLAND COUNTY.

Rev. John O. Holbrook, D. D., will be installed as pastor of the Congregational Church and Society of Homer on Wednesday, the 19th inst.

—Cortland village celebrated on the Fourth. In addition to the reading of the Declaration of Independence, the emancipation proclamation was also read. The oration was delivered by S. W. Hall.

CHENANGO COUNTY.

NEW BERLIN, July 6.

To the Editor of the Utica Morning Herald.

THE FOURTH IN CHENANGO.—This day was duly celebrated in New Berlin, not on as magnificent and pompous a scale as larger towns—but in a manner very creditable. Cannon heralded the day's approach. Quite early in the morning, all the roads leading into town were thronged with masses of patriotic people, coming to enjoy this now strictly a freeman's day.

At eleven o'clock a procession was formed, under the direction of Col. I. E. Mattheson, assisted by Lieut. Chas. Brown and J. S. Brady, Esq., preceded by the New Berlin Band, followed by the officers, orator, reader and chaplain, and committee of arrangements, followed by the returned soldiers of the 114th regiment, and citizens; thence marched to the academy grove. Hon. Henry Bennett acted as President of the day; order of exercises as follows: music by band; prayer, by Rev. Mr. Thurston; song, by glee club; reading of Declaration of Independence, by Prof. E. R. Warrener, Principal of New Berlin Academy; music by band; oration by Rev. A. S. Patton, of your city; song, music, and benediction. The exercises were of a high order. The music of the band and glee club was excellent; the chaplain and reader received warm and deserved praise, but no description can do justice to the masterly and finished oration; the breathless anxiety with which the large assemblage received the glowing words of the eloquent orator are his best plaudits. It was truly able and eloquent, and every way admirable. The reverend gentleman left Chenango with a host of warm friends and admirers. Oneida may justly feel proud of so able a champion of freedom.

Two balloon ascensions, and a finely selected display of fireworks, ended the evening's celebration. The entire proceedings of the day were in a very high degree satisfactory to all. S. L. M.

PERSONAL.

—The rebel General Price, it is supposed, will go to Mexico, and engage in mining operations.

—Major General Richard R. Lee, Frank Huger, S. S. Lee, Major General J. C. Brown, of Tennessee, and A. K. Allison, the last rebel Governor of Florida, have applied for pardon.

—Gen. Bragg has arrived at New Orleans. He is ambitious now to retire, as before the war, to "fulfill the duties of an American citizen."

—The publication of the *Army and Navy Official Gazette* ceases with this week, the dissolution of the military forces rendering its publication no longer necessary.

—"Brick" Pomeroy, a well-known facetious western editor, has sold his treasonable organ, the La Crosse (Wis.) *Democrat*, and is going to be a southern correspondent for the New York *World*.

—Orison L. Haddock, junior editor of the *Northern New York Journal*, retires from his connection with that paper, to assume editorial responsibilities elsewhere.

—Lieutenant Cushing, left his home in Chautauqua county, last week Tuesday, for New York, where he will sail for China on a three years' cruise, as commander of the old frigate Hartford, Admiral Farragut's flagship.

—Gen. Logan, commanding the Army of the Tennessee, has issued, from his headquarters, at Louisville, Ky., an order for the further reduction of his force by the mustering out of service of fifteen thousand men.

—Mr. Van Dyck, on entering upon his duties as Assistant Treasurer of the United States, on Saturday last, executed his official bond of office with the following sureties: Thos. W. Olcott, Edwin D. Morgan, Moses Taylor, John J. Cisco, William Hoge, H. B. Claflin, W. M. Vermilye, and S. B. Chittenden.

—The rich men of the South are sending in numerous petitions for pardon. The $20,000 clause troubles them greatly. The larger part of the petitions are granted. Among the latter is John Wilkes, son of our Commodore Wilkes. Albert Pike declares that he is not guilty of the charges of cruelty preferred against him, and is anxious to be pardoned.

Gen. Logan, in a speech at Lafayette, Indiana, a few days ago, said he was "in favor of hanging Jeff. Davis, Breckinridge, Benjamin, the whole rebel Cabinet, and every member of the rebel government who resigned his seat in Congress to take part in this accursed rebellion, and until the government did this, it had not done the job it undertook." And why not add every officer who left the old army and navy?

—It is understood that proceedings are to be commenced against Fen. Wood, of New York, for the recovery of that little sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, which he is said to have received from the late Confederate government. Hon. A. D. Russel, City Judge, and George Wilkes, of the *Spirit of the Times*, will be witnesses against Mr. Wood, to prove his signature on the receipt. All property of the rebel authorities coming within reach of our government is liable to confiscation, and the best legal opinions have confirmed the judgment of the Secretaries of War and the Treasury, on which this action has been ordered.

—G. V. S. Quackenbush's dry good store in Troy, was entered by burglars Monday night, and robbed of $10,000 worth of silk goods. A boy named Matthew Ryan, has been arrested and held to answer as one of the burglars.

—On Wednesday night, Mr. Godfrey, of Hoosick Falls, while walking from one car to another on the Troy and Boston train, fell upon the track and was instantly killed. His body was taken to the Schaghticoke station. Thos. Tolley, of Fort Edward, was killed on the Saratoga railroad last Tuesday.

FROM WASHINGTON.

It is understood that on the 17th of June, and of course before the news of rescinding of the blockade could have been received, the Spanish Government revoked its grant of belligerent rights to the insurgents of this country.

—General Pope has had a long interview with the Secretary of War, Secretary of the Interior and General Grant, in relation to Indian affairs in the Northwest. Satisfactory arrangements were agreed upon, which will be made public in orders hereafter.

—The United States Post Office Department has now become a paying institution. For the last six months of 1864, its net profits over all expenses were $732,239 69, or at the rate of a million and a half a year. But the profits of the first six months of 1865 will be yet larger. During the last six months of Mr. Buchanan's administration the loss for carrying and distributing the mails was $3,400,000. The postal receipts from the States in the Union in 1861, exceeded those of all the States in 1861, by $2,972,000.

—Owing to the liberation of prisoners and the discharge of the army, the number of applications for pensions in the month of June was greater than ever before. Since the war began 84,000 pensions have been issued; 34,000 to invalid soldiers, and 50,000 to widows, mothers, and minor children.—The payments to pensioners the past year have amounted to $9,000,000, and when all pensions arising from the war shall have been granted, the annual expense will be about $13,000,000. The Pension Office is now in excellent working order.

—At the Land Office at East Saginaw, Michigan, 9,737 67-100 acres were located last month with the Agricultural and Mechanics' College land scrip issued under the act of July 2, 1862, and 8,496 29-100 at the same place, and during the same time with bounty-land warrants. Certified transcripts, vesting title in the State of Minnesota, have just been submitted by the General Land Office to the Secretary of the Interior for approval, embracing over 145,305 acres, selected as swamp lands, and issued to the State by act of Congress, approved Sept. 28, 1850, as extended to Minnesota by law of the 12th of March, 1860. This quantity, with that heretofore certified to Minnesota, amounts to 696,233 acres conceded to the State as swamp and overflowed lands unfit for cultivation, and which are granted to enable the State to construct the necessary levees and drains.

NEW YORK STATE NEWS.

COUNTRY ITEMS.

The city of Hudson has a population of 7,761, an increase in five years of 528.

—The village of Waterloo has a population of 4,095, 36 less than in 1860.

—In the village of Seneca Falls, the number of inhabitants is 5,423, being an increase of 480 since the census of 1860.

—The extensive glass works at Clyde, were destroyed by fire on Sunday night.

—The Central Railroad company have reduced the wages of hands in the Freight Houses, of Buffalo, to $1,75 per day. The *Courier* says the men refuse to stand the decline.

—L. M. Burton, late of the Syracuse House, takes possession of the Chittenango Springs House, on Monday next. The Springs are just the place for recuperation in shady groves, pure fresh air and health giving waters.

—A small illicit distillery, that was being run in a barn, in Troy, has been seized by the authorities. It had been running only two weeks, and was turning out half a barrel a day. It is believed there are hundreds of such "stills" in use now, all over the country.

—The Rochester *Union* attributes the exemption of that city from accidents by the use of gun powder, to the prohibition, by the city authorities, of the use of guns, pistols and cannons in the streets. The papers of other cities come with details of accidents by the score. Hands blown off, eyes put out, and in some instances death outright by gunpowder explosions and the use of fire arms.

—Three hundred and two prisoners of war were released at Elmira, on Wednesday and sent to Baltimore.

—The Mayor of Elmira has issued an Order, in which he expresses his determination to enforce the Sunday liquor law in that city.

—The Lockport papers say that a well near the village of Pekin, has begun to flow oil and water mingled in great volume. The well is down seven hundred feet, and the proprietors think that by going down a few feet further they will have a flowing oil well.

—A woman was run over by the cars on the Buffalo road near Byron, Monroe county, on Thursday. She was driving some cattle off the track, and had succeeded in that object, but did not get off in time herself.

—The Rochester (U. S.) Hospital has been broken up, and the patients, 140 in number, have been transferred to the Hospital at Albany. The number of patients at the barracks is about 900.

—Superintendent Rogers gave the inmates of the Albany Alms-House a fine celebration, closing with a handsome display of fire-works for the children. That's praiseworthy. Treat the poor as if they were human.

—The Gas Company of Troy has reduced the price of gas from $4.50 to $4, per thousand feet.—Whereupon the *Times* says: "This is liberal and commendable on the part of the company.

—Three pickpockets were arrested, while in bed, on Thursday morning, in Troy. On the person of John McCoort, one of the gang, three valuable gold watches were found.

—According to the census, just completed, the population of Troy is set down at thirty-nine thousand and forty-one. The Eighth Ward is the largest—its population being 5,313.

SPECIAL NOTICES

1865. PAPER HANGINGS. 1865.

Cloth and Paper Window Shades

in great variety, and at all prices,

NOW OPENING AT

H. BARNARD'S SONS.

Ceilings and Side Walls Decorated, Walls, Side and Ceiling, Cleaned and Whitened.
PAPER HANGINGS put on by EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.
Call and see our Stock, which, for quality and style, is not to be surpassed, and our prices, which are not to be undersold.
Picture Cords and Tassels, and Curtain Trimmings always on hand. mar3d1f

Sewing Machine Work,

Embroidering, Stamping, Quilting, Stitching and plain Sewing of every description, performed by Miss Lane at the Sewing Machine Rooms, over
TAYLOR'S JEWELRY STORE,
d&wtf 70 Genesee street

E. Howard's American Watch.

This most celebrated of all American Watches, can be found in Gold and Silver cases, at Taylor's. An examination will convince all of its superiority.
W. S. TAYLOR'S,
d&wtf 70 Genesee Street.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. feb2d

Ladies' Gold Watches,

A beautiful assortment, bought for GOLD AT PRESENT RATES, and offered lower than the same goods have been sold for many months, at
TAYLOR'S JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT.

The Utica Weekly Herald.

The price of this large and well filled Family and Political Journal is only TWO DOLLARS A YEAR in advance. It is thus as cheap as the cheapest, while it aspires to be the best Weekly Paper in the country. eodtf

The Lightning Fly-Killer

Destroys Flies instantly, and is not liable to be mistaken for anything else. Is easily prepared and used, and does rapid execution. Each sheet will attract and kill a Quart of Flies—and promote quiet in reading, peace while you eat, and the comforts of a nap in the morning. Sold by all Druggists. je7d1mb

WHY INJURE THE COMPLEXION BY POWDERS AND WASHES which choke up the pores of the skin, and in a short time leave it harsh and dry? It is in the blood, and if you want smooth and soft skin use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It gives a brilliancy to the complexion.

Badge Pins.

Army Corps and College Society Badge Pins of every description made to order at
jy6dtf TAYLOR'S, 70 Genesee St.

Rubber Jewelry.

Plain and Gold Mounted Rubber Bracelets, Vest Chains and Chatelaines, a new assortment, very handsome, just received at TAYLOR'S, 70 Genesee St.

Fine French Marble and Bronze Clocks,

Excellent time pieces, and desirable for presents just opened at
TAYLOR'S, 70 Genesee street.

Commercial.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 7.

ASHES—Dull.

COTTON—Market is less active and firm. Sales of 2,500 bales at 49@50c for middling.

FLOUR, &c.—Flour market is more active and 10@20c better. Sales of 18,000 bbls at $5 25@5 80 for superfine state; $6 15@6 25 for choice do, $5 75@5 85 for superfine western; $6 05@6 30 for common to medium extra western; $6 60@6 75 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, and $6 80@7 75 for trade brands. Market closing firm with an advance in inside quotations. Canadian flour 10@25c better. Sales of 400 bbls at $6 05@6 25 for common, and $6 30@8 00 for good to choice extra. Rye flour is quiet. Corn meal in fair request. Sales 300 bbls at $5 15@5 25 for Brandywine, and $4 50@4 60 for western, and $25 50@26 00 for puncheons.

WHISKEY—Market is heavy and declining. Sales of 200 bbls western at $2 05.

GRAIN.—Wheat market has advanced 2@3c on spring, and 3@5c on winter. Sales of 98,000 bush at $1 26@1 30 for Chicago spring; $1 27@1 31 for Milwaukee club, $1 31@1 35 for amber Milwaukee; $1 80@1 85 for winter red western; $1 80@1 85 for amber Michigan, and $1 70 for white Canada. Rye is active and decidedly higher. Sales of 41,000 bush western at 78@85, including some damaged as high as 86@90c. Barley is dull. Barley malt is quiet.—Corn market 1@2c better with a good demand. Sales of 95,000 bush at 68c for damaged, 75@78 for unsound, 79@81 for sound, and 82c for high mixed nearly yellow.—Oats dull and 2c lower at 63c for western.

RICE—Market is quiet.

SUGAR—Market is quite active. Sales of 2,000 hhds Cuba Muscovado 11¼@12¼c and 5,000 boxes Havana at 11¼@12¾c.

MOLASSES—Market dull.

PETROLEUM—Market is quiet at 32½c for crude; 52½c for refined in bond, and 70@72½ for refined free.

HOPS—Market is dull at 10@35c.

WOOL—Market dull.

PROVISIONS—Pork market opened decidedly lower but closed with more firmness. Sales of 8,000 bbls at $21 75@23 ¼ for new mess, closing at $26 62½ cash; $23 50@24 for 1863-4 do; $18 25@18 75 for prime, and $20 00@20 50 for prime mess; also 2,850 bbls new mess for July, seller's and buyer's option, at $26 00@26 75. Beef market firm. Sales of 800 bbls at $10 00@14 00 for plain mess, and $12 00@16 00 for extra mess. Beef hams are quiet. Cut meats are firm. Sales of 500 packages at 12@15c for shoulders, and 15@21c for hams. Bacon dull. Lard market firmer.—Sales of 2,300 bbls at 18@20c. Butter quiet at 20@32c for Ohio, and 27@33 for State. Cheese is quiet at 10@15c for common to prime.

Stocks at the first board were irregular.

PRICES—Chicago & Rock Island 101¾, Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien 39¼, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy 110¼; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago 97¼; Chicago & Northwestern 27¼, Chicago & Northwestern preferred 61; Cleveland & Pittsburg 70¾, Illinois Central script 126; Michigan Southern 63¾; Michigan Central 108¾; New York Central 95¼, Erie 82, Hudson 109¾, Reading 99, United States 5's '71 [illegible]; United States 6's '81 registered 108¾; United States 6's '81 coupons 104¼; United States 5's 5-20 registered 103¾; United States 6's 5-20 coupons, 105¾.

Money on call easy, 4@5 per cent.

American Gold opened 139¼, closed 139⅜.

Stocks at the second board were dull.

PRICES—United States 6's 5-20 coupons, new issue 105; United States 6's one year certificates 98¾; Treasury notes 7 3-10 first series, 100, Cumberland preferred 42¼, Hudson 110¼; New York Central 95¾; Erie 81¼; Reading 98¾; Michigan Southern 63¾, Michigan Central 108¾; Illinois Central 126; Cleveland & Pittsburg 70¾, Chicago & Northwestern 29; do. preferred 61¼; Cleveland & Toledo 102; Chicago & Rock Island 101¾.

Gold 139¼.

Money market continues easy at 4@5 per cent. for call loans.

Sterling Exchange is a shade firmer at 109¾@109⅞ gold.

American gold is without decided change, opening at 139¼, and closing at 139½.

Government stocks are quite active and firm.

AT GALLAGHER'S EVENING EXCHANGE PRICES WERE: New York Central 95¾; Erie 81¾, Reading 98¾, Michigan Southern 63¾, Cleveland & Pittsburg 70; Chicago & Rock Island 101¾, Chicago & Northwestern preferred 61¾; Canton 41¾; Cumberland 43¾; Quicksilver 60¾.

Gold 139¾.

No Evening Exchange Saturday.

OSWEGO, July 7.

FLOUR—Unchanged. Sales of 800 bbls at $6 25 for No. 1 spring, $6 75 for red winter; $7 50 for white, $8 50 for double extra.

GRAIN—Wheat better. Sales of 1,500 bush Milwaukee club at $1 12, 4,000 bush No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1 20, 7,000 bush Chicago spring on private terms last night; 7,000 Milwaukee club at $1 18, and 5,000 No. 1 winter red Indiana at $1 40. Corn dull. Sales of 7,000 bush No. 1 Illinois at 71½c. Other grains nominal.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Flour 39@40c; wheat 10c; corn 9¼c to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS.—62,500 bush wheat; 7,000 bush corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—1,033 bbls flour; 21,000 bush wheat; 7,000 bush corn.

SHIPPED BY RAILROAD.—1,343 bbls of flour.

ALBANY, July 7.

Flour quiet.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet. Sales of 18,000 bush at $1 40 for red state; $1 50 for amber Michigan. Corn 20,000 bush at 69c for unsound; 75c for sound western mixed. Oats at 55c for Canadian; 62½@63½c for State; 65@68 for western.—Sales of 25,000 bush.

SHIPPED BY TOWS—Corn 29,700 bush; wheat 11,200 bush, oats 32,900 bush; rye 75,000 bush.

Passed Fultonville—3 loads corn, 7 loads wheat, 1 load corn.

CHICAGO, July 7.

FLOUR—Steady.

GRAIN—Wheat firm and advanced 3@4c. Sales at $1 27¾@1 05 for No. 1, and 93@98 for No. 2. Corn firm and advanced 1½@2c. Sales at 55¼@56c for No. 1, and 53@53½c for No. 2. Oats firm and advanced 1@1½c.

FREIGHTS—Active and unchanged.

HIGHWINES—Unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Firm. Mess pork $25 50@26 00.

RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls flour; 8,000 bush wheat; 139,000 bush corn; 31,000 bush oats.

SHIPMENTS—600 bbls flour; 97,000 bush corn; 7,000 bush oats.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE UTICA MUSEUM—GENESEE STREET.

The Choicest Collection of Curiosities in the World.

Arranged by Mr. O. P. DAVIS.

Grand Performance Every Evening.

The Museum will be open for visitors every Day and Evening.
Admission 25 cents. Reserved front seats to Evening Performance, 35 cents.
Entertainment commences at 8 o'clock. jy7dtf

ILLUMINATING LANTERNS

REPRESENTING

ROSES, LILIES, GLOBES,

Union, Red White and Blue,

Pagodas, &c.

BUNTING, SILK, DELAINE, AND PRINTED U. S. FLAGS,

All sizes at

W. M. STORRS & CO'S.,

Fire Works Depot, 71 Genesee st., Utica.

GRIFFIN'S

Dining and Ice Cream Rooms,

BRADISH BLOCK.

Entrance between Du Bois' Crockery store and Owens' Bakery, Genesee street, will be open to the public on Tuesday next. jy1dtf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Dead that might be Living.

It is sad to think that thousands die annually with the means of life and health almost within arm's length. Many a weakling goes down to the grave every day whom the timely use of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS would have saved. It is a consolation, however, to know that this glorious Tonic—a vitalizing Elixir without a single drawback—is preserving the lives of multitudes. In cases of general debility and prostration, it is producing effects that are perhaps more astonishing than anything heretofore observed or recorded in the history of medical treatment. Feeble, emaciated, and despairing patients, whose powers of digestion seem to be actually extinguished, recover their appetite, strength and spirits, under a course of the Bitters, with a rapidity that is positively amazing. All that the proprietors originally expected from the preparation was long ago thrown into the shade by its actual results. New virtues, which they had never thought of attributing to it, are continually being developed in its application to new cases. As a preventive of diseases of every class and a constitutional invigorant it stands alone and unapproachable.

New York House, No. 59 Cedar street, N. Y.

TO PURIFY, ENRICH THE BLOOD, AND BEAUTY THE complexion, use HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA. One bottle equals in strength one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

French Fluting.

By Miss Lane, over Taylor's Jewelry Store, No. 70 Genesee street.

Silver Ware and Fancy Articles,

In great variety and choice selection, useful to housekeepers, and appropriate for presents, at
TAYLOR'S, 70 Genesee street.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!
Scratch! Scratch! Scratch!
WHEATON'S OINTMENT

Will cure the Itch in 48 Hours. Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.
By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.
WARNER & RAY and LALOR BROS., Agents for Utica.

LEWIS & CO.

A PSALM OF THE SOLE;

OR, WHAT THE MERCHANT SAID TO HIS CUSTOMERS.

Tell me not in stated numbers,
Boots and Shoes are but a fancy,
For he is sold indeed that slumbers,
And things are not what they seem.

Boots are real—Shoes are earnest—
And to sell them is their goal;
"Dust thou art, to dust returnest,"
May be spoken of the sole.

Not to rip them, and to mend them
Is their destined end, or way;
But to wear them till you end them—
This is what will make them pay!

Art is long and Time is fleeting,
And our feet, though stout and brave
Still like drum-sticks loud are beating
Hurried marches on the pave.

In the world's broad field of battle,
In the bivouac of trade,
Heed not those who loudest rattle—
Keep a little in the shade.

Trust no braggart, howe'er pleasant,
Let his gas not take you in;
Purchase wisely in the present,
And you will be sure to win.

LEWIS' stock is sure and ready,
Suited to the taste of all;
Prices low, and always steady,
They invite an early call.

Boots and shoes, the best, remind them,
Theirs will equal any man's;
And departing, leave behind them,
Bright marks on the scroll of trade.

Patrons, then, be up and doing,
With an *understanding* true,
Still achieving, still pursuing,
Purchase boots and shoes that wear

CALL AND EXAMINE

OUR IMMENSE SUMMER STOCK OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITER

We have now on hand the finest variety of styles of

GENTS',
LADIES',
MISSES',
BOYS',
AND CHILDRENS'

SHOES, GAITERS AND SLIPPERS

that we have ever had before in store, which will be sold at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES

Follow the crowd to the

GREAT CENTRAL DEPOT!

160 Genesee Street,

LEWIS & CO.,

DRY GOODS.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

DRY GOODS!

W. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Would announce to the trade, that in consequence of their

IMMENSE AND CONSTANTLY INCREASING

CLOAK AND MANTILLA TRADE,

And their present limited room for prosecuting both branches of their extensive business, they will close out their

ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST,

Consisting, in part, of a large and splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,
FANCY SILKS,
SHAWLS,
LINENS,
CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
SHEETINGS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
&c., &c., &c.,

And will convert their whole store into a

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.

Never before was there offered to the trade such an opportunity to

GET BARGAINS

As this sale affords.

mar2dtf 160 Genesee Street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Hunnewell's Eclectic Pills.

The true Cathartic and Family Pill.

The importance of this development of the true and natural Cathartic cannot be over estimated. To have a Pill which every man may take, and seldom but one for a dose, acting on the bowels without the slightest griping, or irritation, can be used with the greatest freedom by all who have suffered the trouble of long constipated tendency, and to check which the Pill is recommended in the opposite extreme of bowel weakness, will be found the true feature of the Eclectic Pills. Their true character creates the expression of experienced Apothecaries, that long experience has never found their equal; from Physicians who have used thousands in their practice, that the true idea of a Perfect Cathartic has never before been realized, and by thousands who have used them in their families, and that they are the only true Family Pill they have ever seen.

Without descending to the clap-trap form of numbering puffs, or false testimonials, confidence is asked to test them in Biliousness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Worms, Loss of Appetite, as a Spring Medicine, all derangements of the system caused by a disordered stomach, and a general Family Pill.

☞ Price 25 cents per Bottle.

For sale by dealers in every City and Town.

JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor
Practical Chemist, Boston, Mass.

Sold in Utica by Warner & Ray, Dickinson, Comstock & Co., T. E. Bolles and W. Blakie. jan31d1mb

For Sale.

The Cotton Stone Factory at Sauquoit, eight miles south of Utica, known as (Brownell's new Factory.) There are thirty looms with other machinery to correspond, in complete running order, with good water privilege. One store-house, six double tenement dwelling houses, and about eleven acres of land. For further information inquire of
S. & D. J. L. LOWERY.
June 30, 1865. Utica, N. Y.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT Buchu is the Great Diuretic.

Utica Morning Herald
AND DAILY GAZETTE

Queen Victoria's Horses Shod.

A good illustration of Kent Brodie's method and manner of operation, to straighten bend in the hind extremities of Dinner, now at the stables of Messrs. Bonner and Shelton of the Bloomingdale road.

Brodie the smiter dance, and Hector straight! Dinner has not been shod before in many months, but when at last the mighty city's knight

Was ready, every muscle in his body was ready! Whereon was the roller to to the plain, in heavy hurrying to and fro with many a mighty oath, Soldiers Stephen, Brodie and Hector, and Dinner

Last of all, for when Cilicia rose, I, the first son of Pisces' second father Was glad to liberate of the hearers hide. Was given to wandering, we are told, but never Met him, and by his side the nurse, who bore, Forgetful to his charge, the bellows and the fire, Brodie's lord behind, but no one behind, for none Was there to mind the nurse, and she not mind herself, Sat with her head between her knees asleep. The matchless child, the only pup of Tyre, Dinner he could have no better for good Fortune, but at his side Andromache, so many Blessings on his race had given, was not wanting: Dear Lord, the shudders upon all who rush to battle!

For then with all its fiery heart the horse Of our bridge, to be my widow soon, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! As all said they: for one hoof he threw Of three brown colts, the fourth was Dinner. His comrades shall be mine, but one to wife, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! My son Eunice dare, what man has seen Thy peer since the days of Clifford and Lord The lofty grand Thelwyn, he that kicked Out his unjust lord's brains, and was hanged dead; And saw his body, and the unsightly nipples, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! Pleased seemed his hands a-grave of clean Those mad eyes from the sight of Dinner's house All in the field, and their heels Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! His comrades shall be mine, but one to wife, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! By his father's house was an iron door, But, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Sire, mother, brothers! then, my wedded love, Then playing at the door, and Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! Now Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner here Across the fields of Ilion, and the assembly nymphs, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! Pleased seemed his hands a-grave of clean Those mad eyes from the sight of Dinner's house All in the field, and their heels Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! My mother, Queen Victoria, she who bore Me, and my father, supreme lion, to save whom! For their sakes, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Sire, to his father's house was taken down. But, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Sire, mother, brothers! then, my wedded love, Then playing at the door, and Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! Now Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner here Across the fields of Ilion, and the assembly nymphs, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! Pleased seemed his hands a-grave of clean Those mad eyes from the sight of Dinner's house All in the field, and their heels Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! By the prompting of Apollo, and the counsel Of Pallas Athene, and the sweet Queen Victoria, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, my lovely comrade! Thrice round the roller, and the hammer below: Thrice sat down with, that by such thoughts as these

My heart has not been wanting, but I should think To face the strongest of the Trojans in the field, Or like a rampart of defence to stand Before my people and the honour of my youth So to the fore-front of battle to be found, Charged with my fleet horse and my active arms. Far off I am known, and near I am not known; For they are many and the ways are open, And I have a name, and I have a fame also, Both of my prowess and my swiftness; But not the fleet Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Nor Brodie's new and Friends' aura, Nor love of Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, By Brodie hands had possession on the shed, So deeply rooted in the ground, and fixed By years of freedom, and the sweet Dinner, Dinner, Dinner, Dinner,